



REGULATORY BARRIERS ACROSS TO EFFICIENT VALIDATION AND CERTIFICATION OF COMPOSITES ACROSS SECTORS AND APPLICATIONS

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### NCC - Europe's leading composite innovation capability







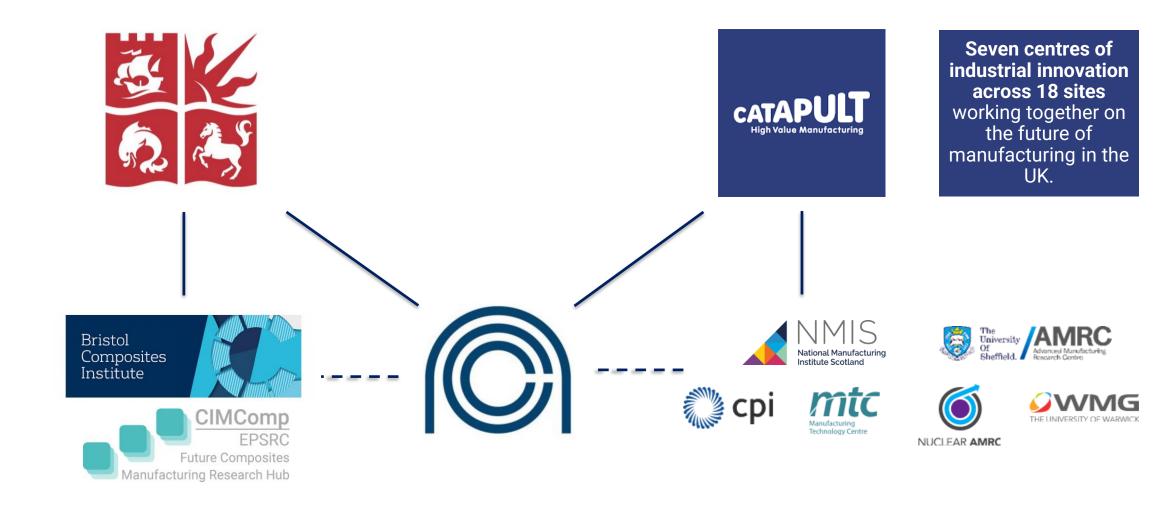














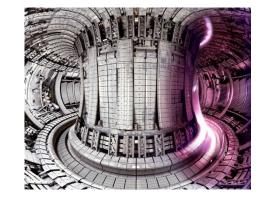


### **Composites enabling the Net Zero Transformation: More variety**

'Net Zero requires transformational technology to deliver a step change in product and system level performance – composites can enable this transformation'

- Light-weighting to accelerate zero emissions mobility (electric, H2)
- Storage and distribution technology to enable hydrogen
- Performance step-change to scale wind energy
- Zero emission aircraft to achieve 'jet zero'
- Energy efficient infrastructure and buildings
- High temperature, lightweight materials to unlock nuclear

#### Source: <u>https://compositesuk.co.uk/leadership-forum/uk-composites-strategy</u>

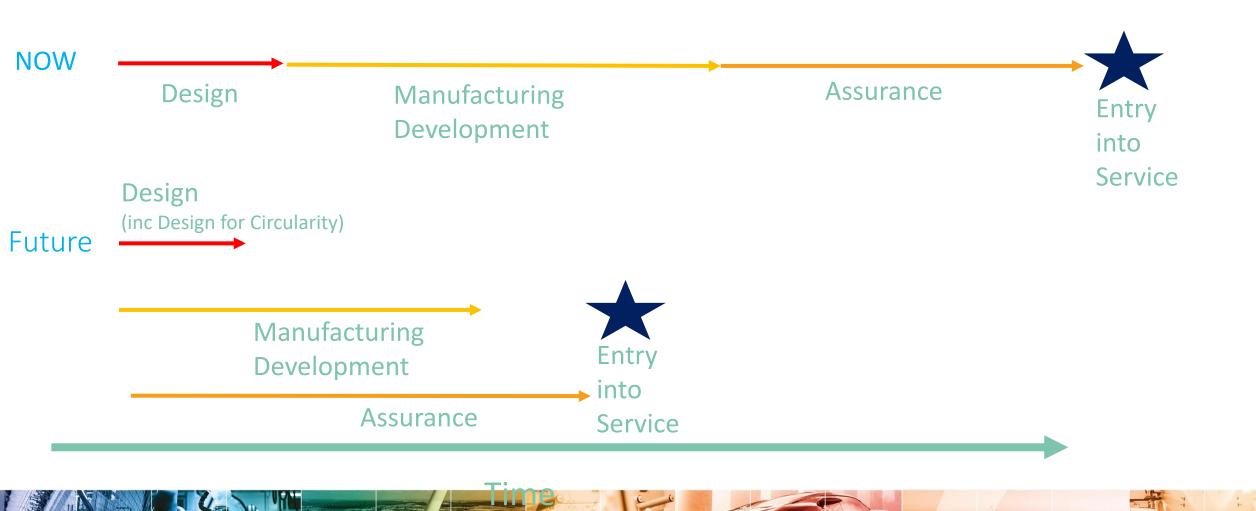








# The need to move beyond the Systems Engineering 'Vee'



# **Regulations and composite materials**

- Regulations pose different challenges in different sectors
  - Composites across sectors
    - Higher upfront engineering burden than other materials
    - Variability in manufacturing /lack of understanding drive high safety factors
  - Specific to Civil Aerospace
    - Pyramid of tests. Well understood, but costly and time consuming
    - Low product cycles (next programme's EIS in 2040?)
    - Limited introduction of in-service data into next generation  $\rightarrow$  Slow changes in regulations
  - Outside of traditional civil aerospace
    - Use cases for systems are hugely variable and can vary from project to project driving project specific requirements (NOT CAPTURED BY REGULATIONS!)
    - Speedy product cycles
    - Significantly lower capacity to invest in R&D and fundamental knowledge
    - LCA not really understood and more critical than in aerospace
    - Lack of standards when certifying across certifying bodies
    - Similar challenges across sectors regulated differently

Traditional materials are favoured



### Cross-sectoral challenge: Accelerating Certification, improving regulations

# END GOAL: To make composites as easy to adopt in product design and manufacture as metals and plastics

- Regulations
  - Conservative, Out-of-date, slow to change, don't capture functional requirements
- Concurrent engineering
- Digital Twin and Thread to gain **confidence** in every step of the development cycle
  - Data Capturing and analytics
    - In-process monitoring → As-manufactured models
    - In-service monitoring → Realistic requirements
  - Performance modelling from as-designed to as-manufactured
  - Reduction of knock-down factors
- Faster certification cycles
- More agile regulations (up-to-date)







### Towards Product Certification by Analysis (CbA)







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### **Certification by Analysis Levels**



Key Level 0 - Proof testing Level 1 - Product sampling

All production items are physically tested against defined operational criteria A statistically relevant sample of production items are physically tested against defined operational criteria Level 2 - Prototype-based certification

Compliance demonstrated based on physical testing of prototypes or a non-production item

Level 3 - Hybrid certification Compliance demonstrated via combination of numerical simulation and physical testing of sub-scale models, components, sub-assemblies or complete product Level 4 - Smart testing virtual certification Compliance demonstrated via numerical analysis with simulation methods validated via smart (physical) testing

Level 5 - Virtual certification

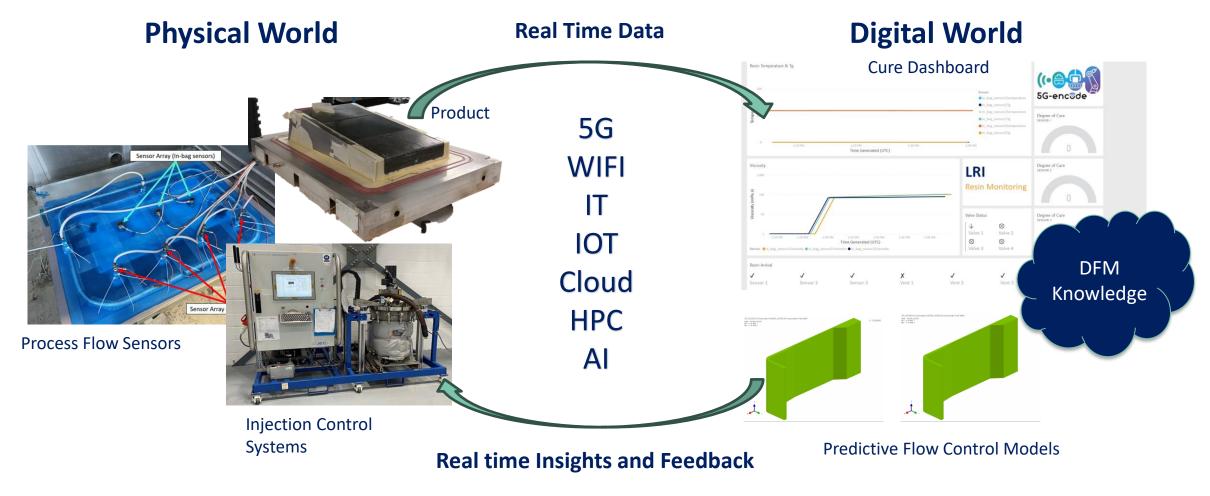
No physical testing within the design compliance process. Compliance demonstrated via numerical analysis against defined regulatory criteria





### **Right Every Time Resin Infusion**

Exploiting the Digital Twin for Self-Adaptive Control and Knowledge Codification







### Thank you Enrique.Garcia@nccuk.com











CATAPULT High Value Manufacturing



